Numeracy in practice teaching and learning examples



A daily measure of health, cooking, and shopping Weights and weight measurements

In our everyday lives, we are constantly confronted with weight measurements. We use it at the supermarket to know how much fruits, vegetables, meat or cheese we're buying. Getting ingredient measurements right is crucial for making dishes or baking correctly.

People keeping an eye on their health or working on fitness goals often use weight measurements to track progress, for example weighing themselves or monitoring strength training by lifting specific weights.

Overview "How heavy is it?"

Context Everyday life

Content Quantity and number How can we estimate weights and calculate with wight measurements?

Target group (incl. necessary prior skills and competences)

Adult learners with basic arithmetic skills

X1

Outcomes and results

The learners know the different weight measurement and are able to convert them.

Cognitive processes
Managing situations
Analysing situations
Processing information
Mathematising
Problem solving
Critical thinking

Dispositions
Self confidence
Affection
Flexibility
Math difficulties





Main information Content Natural and decimal numbers Basic arithmetic operations Weight measurements Conversion of weight measurements Adult and young adult learners with basic arithmetic Target group skills What is the intention of adults to face this problem? Learning intention Numeracy for personal and private purposes Numeracy for professional issues Duration Approx. 2 lessons Material and resources Flipchart, picture cards, some items to weigh, scales, table explaining weight measurements, worksheets Group size Range from 5 to 15 learners Problem statement We often meet weights and weight measurements in our everyday lives. Sometimes it is difficult to convert weight measurements and to calculate with weights. Working questions In which areas of our everyday lives do we meet weights and weights measurements? Which weight measurements are there? How can we estimate the weight of items? How can we sort things by their weight? How can we convert weight measurements? How can we calculate with weights? Learning outcomes and results The learners are able to estimate and control the weight of different items. They know the most important weight measurements. They use tis knowledge to make informed decisions in everyday life situations. Reference to National Optional (country's decision) **Qualification Frame**





Numeracy in Practice Teaching and learning examples

Working plan

	•		
Time (minutes)	Description of content/activities	Material	Methodical and didactic information ¹
15'	Activation The teacher asks the learners in which areas of their everyday lives weights and weight measurements play a role? The teacher writes the terms mentioned on a flipchart. The learners try to match each term with a correct unit of measurement (e.g.: shopping food — grams, kilograms)	Flipchart	Cognitive activation
30'	Estimation The learners estimate the weight of different items. Therefore, they get different picture cards and weight measurements. They can also use items in the classroom. To control their estimations, they weigh some items after the estimation.	Picture cards + weight measurements (Appendix 1) Some items to weigh scales	Collaborative learning Metacognitive strategies
45′	Learning The teacher presents a table for converting weight measurements.	Table weight measurements (Appendix 2)	Explicit teaching
	The learners practice the conversion and calculation with weight individually or in small groups.	Different learning apps (Appendix 3) and worksheets	Hands on learning
	Transfer The learners look at home (in the fridge, in the cupboard,) for items with weights. They make a list and start with the item that weighs the least. The list can be made on a sheet of paper or in Excel.	List Laptop when using Excel	

¹ for description and explanation of kinds of tasks, HITs and other background information please consult the teacher's/user's guide





Suggestions for the teacher/user

The example presented here should be considered as exemplary and inspirational material presenting a guideline with a high range of possibilities of adapting those suggestions to a specific group of learners or an individual learner with his or her very personal requirements.

In concrete terms, the example "How heavy is it?" could be adapted these ways:

- Further or additional material: This example represents only the start into the wide field of calculation with weights:
 - O Cooking: work with recipes calculate the weight of ingredients for more or less people; write a shopping list, ...
 - Shopping: compare prices per weight, as often things are cheaper when we buy larger packs
 - o Fitness and health: calculate the Body Mass Index: BMI=kg/m², ...
 - O Construction: calculate the need of construction materials, loading cars and trailers, ...

Our educational activities aim at numeracy skills being not only memorized, but first of all being practiced and functionally used by the learners in daily life or/and vocational situations. It is therefore recommended to implement the idea of HITS² (higher impacts of teaching skills) as far and often as possible: ...

- ... work with concrete and authentic material that learners will recognize from everyday life situations.
- ask the learners questions and let them raise questions themselves. It can be crucial to discuss numeracy themes, contexts and numbers.
- ... think of possible ways of transfer: The learners can use their knowledge in various areas of everyday life to make informed decisions when it comes to purchasing the right amount of groceries or measuring, moving and utilizing materials, ...

² For general information and explanation on HITS please see the teacher's/user's guide

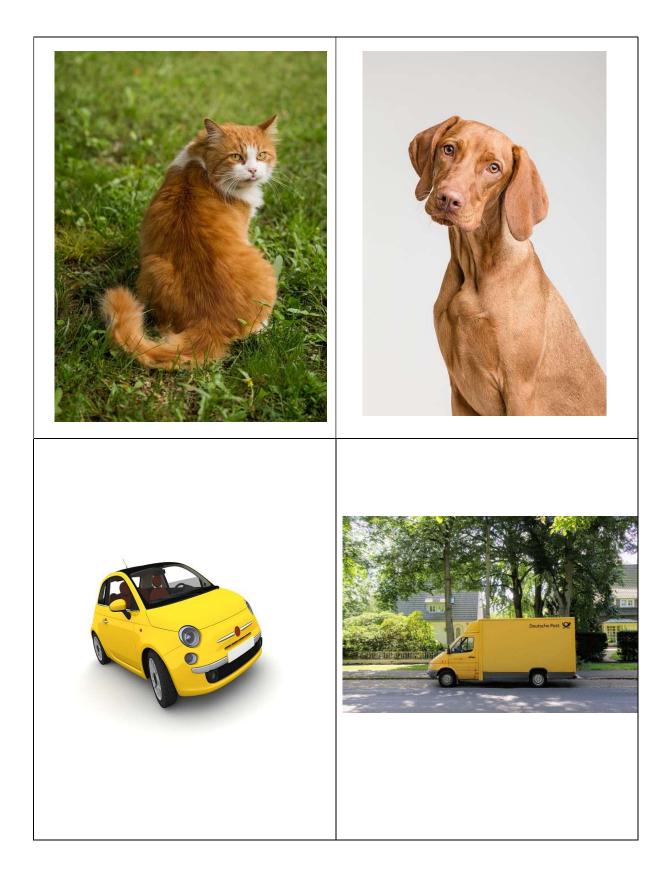




Appendix 1







Source pictures: www.pixabay.com





1 gram	10 grams
(1 g)	(10 g)
100 grams	500 grams
(100 g)	(500 g)
4 kilos	30 kilos
(4 kg)	(30 kg)
1 ton	3,5 tons
(1 t)	(3,5 t)



Appendix 2

$$1 t = 1000 kg$$

1 ton = 1000 kilos

$$1 kg = 1000 g$$

$$1 \text{ kilo} = 1000 \text{ g}$$

Examples:

1 ton = 1.000 kilos

2 kilos = 2.000 grams

t			kg			9
1	0	0	0			
			2	0	0	0



Appendix 3

Example learning app

<u>Tabelle - Gewichte umwandeln kg und g in kg (learningapps.org)</u>;[09.01.2024]

	Kilogramm (kg) und Gramm (g) Kilogramm (kg)			
	5 kg 0 g			
Aufgabe Trage die entsprechenden Gewichte ein! OK				
	9 kg 237 g			
	0 kg 100 g			
	0 kg 50 g			
	1 kg 179g			
	9 kg 95 g			
	1 kg 3 g			