

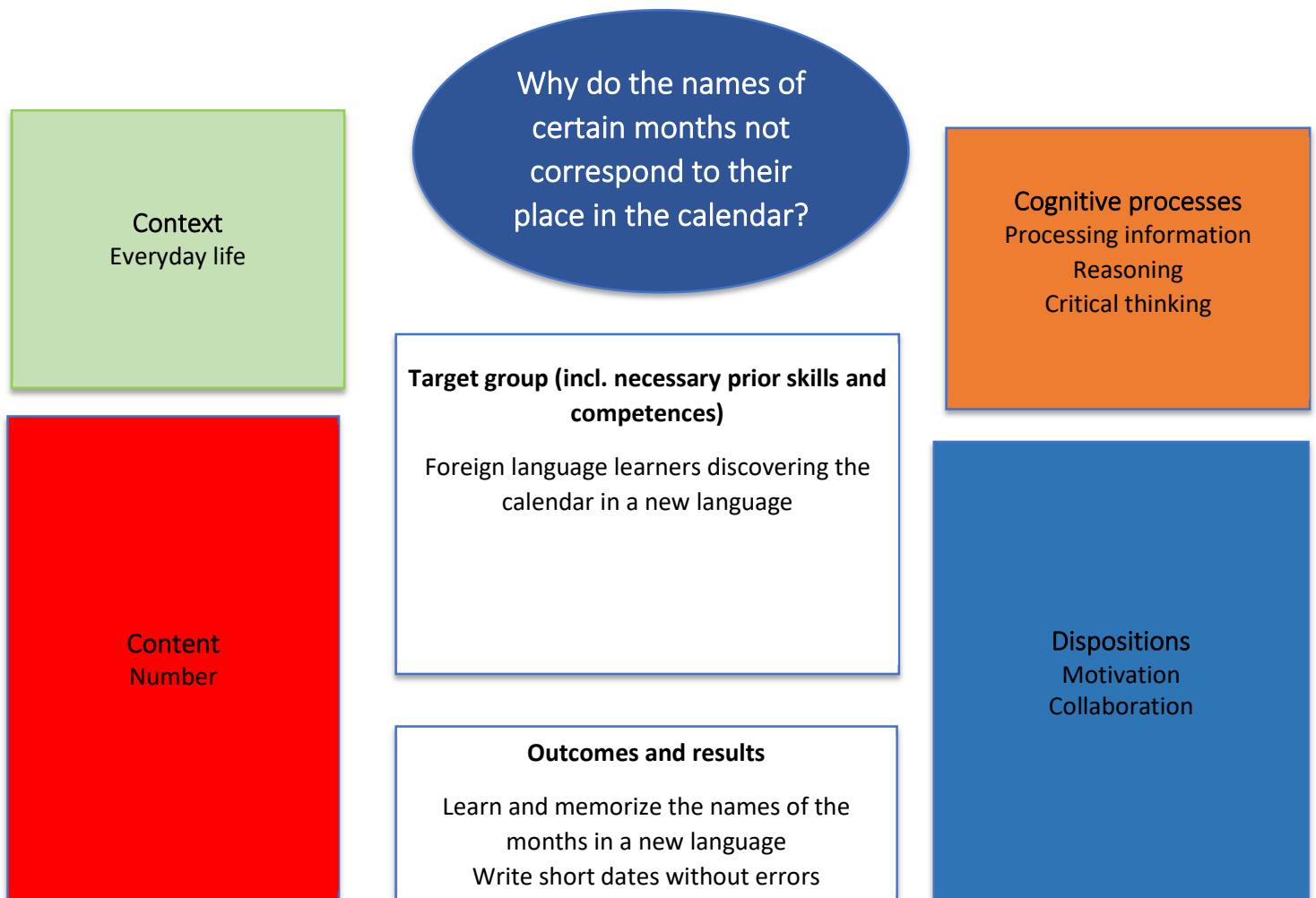
SEPTEMBER

Why is it the ninth month of the year... and not the seventh?

When you discover the calendar, you learn the names of the months, but some of them are misleading: I hear "7" in September, "8" in October, "9" in November and "10" in December, yet these months are numbered 9, 10, 11 and 12.

Why is this?

Overview "Why is September the ninth month of the year?"



Main information

Content	Identify numbers in everyday life Playing with numbers Classifying and ordering
Target group	Mainly for foreign speakers, but this session can also be used for other audiences.
Learning intention	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Numeracy for personal and private purposes – Numeracy for professional issues – Numeracy to understand society
Duration	1 lesson
Material and resources	Annual calendars (with the 12 months in a page) Labels with names of the months
Group size	10 to 12 learners
Problem statement	This session is an introduction to understanding the calendar, both in terms of vocabulary (memorizing the names of the months) and reading/writing a short date without errors.
Working questions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - How is the calendar constructed? - How many days, weeks and months? - What are the names of the 12 months? - How do the months correspond to their numbers?
Learning outcomes and results	The students are able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Say the names of the months orally and in order. - Write a short date
Reference to National Qualification Frame	Optional (country's decision)



Working plan

Time (lessons)	Description of content/activities	Material	Methodical and didactic information ¹
	<p>The teacher projects or displays an annual calendar.</p> <p>Ask the learners if they are familiar with this document and if they know how many days, weeks and months there are in a year.</p>	Annual calendar	Questioning
	<p>One learner says the name of a day of the week, the next says the day after that and so on.</p> <p>Then the same exercise in reverse (the day before).</p> <p>Same exercise with the names of the months.</p>		Collaborative learning
	<p>The teacher writes a long date (with the name of the month in full) on the board.</p> <p>He asks if this date can be written differently, with the intention that the learners will say that the name of the month can be replaced by its number.</p> <p>The learners are then asked to match the 12 months with their number, and then each learner sticks the month labels in their notebook in the right order, and writes their number opposite them.</p>	Labels with the names of the months	
	<p>The trainer then asks the question: what number do you hear in "September"? And yet what is its number?</p> <p>How do you explain this?</p> <p>Are there other months in the same situation?</p> <p>In pairs, the learners find out which months are affected by this question and then try to find an explanation.</p> <p>As the months of October, November and</p>		Collaborative learning

¹ for description and explanation of kinds of tasks, HITs and other background information please consult the teacher's/user's guide



	<p>December are also affected, and their numbers follow each other but are 2 “steps” apart from their names, the explanation is that the start of the year used to be different: the year didn't start in January but in March.</p> <p>The teacher then asked if this could explain another oddity in the calendar? If the first month was March, what was the last? February If February was the last month of the year, that would explain why it had an extra day every 4 years - it was added at the end of the year.</p>		
	<p>Transfer Each learner writes: - the current date in 2 formats (long and short) - their date of birth in the 2 formats</p> <p>The teacher gives each learner a short-form date, as if it were an appointment, and each learner says the corresponding long-form date.</p>		

